### The Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act: What does it mean for me?



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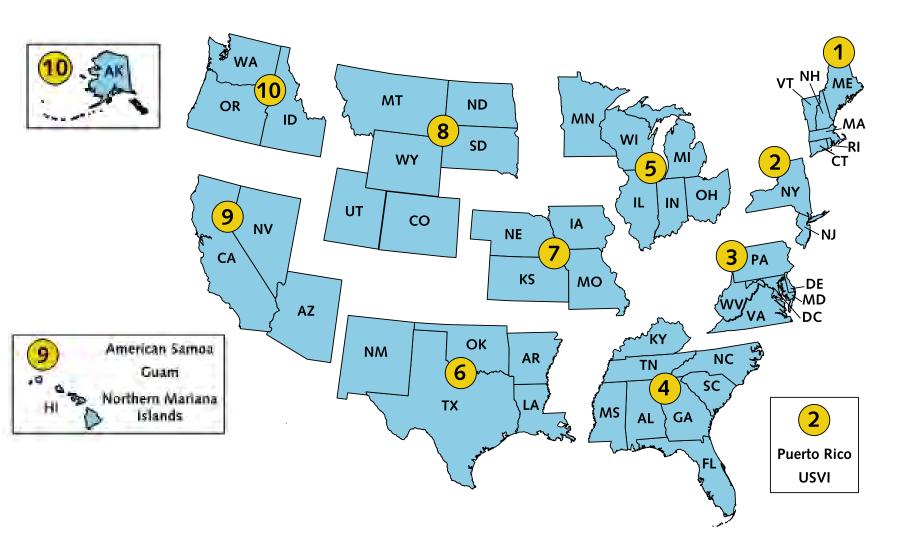
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# Objectives

#### CMS Priorities

- Continuous quality improvement to improve patient safety
- Shifting from Volume to Value-Based payments
- Measure alignment and streamlining
- Health System Transformation: MACRA 2015
  - Review of the Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act
  - The Quality Payment Program: MIPS vs APMs
- What's next?
  - Transforming Clinical Practice Initiative (TCPI)

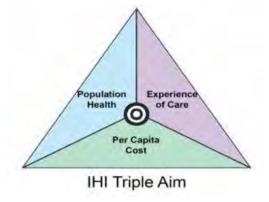
### **CMS OFFICES** 10 REGIONS AND 4 TERRITORIES



# Complications

A SURGEON'S NOTES ON AN IMPERFECT SCIENCE







#### The 'Must Do' List: Certain Patient Safety Rules Should Not Be Elective

Robert Wachter August 20, 2015



HA Blog, August 20, 2015. <u>http://healthaffairs.org/blog</u>

# Better. Smarter. Healthier.

So we will continue to work across sectors and across the aisle for the goals we share: *better care, smarter spending, and healthier people*.

### Better Care, Smarter Spending, Healthier People

#### Focus Areas Description

- Promote value-based payment systems
  - Test new alternative payment models
  - Increase linkage of Medicaid, Medicare FFS, and other payments to value
- Bring proven payment models to scale

Care
Delivery

Incentives

- Encourage the integration and coordination of services
- Improve population health
- Promote patient engagement through shared decision making

Information

- Create transparency on cost and quality information
- Bring electronic health information to the point of care for meaningful use

Source: Burwell SM. Setting Value-Based Payment Goals – HHS Efforts to Improve U.S. Health Care. NEJM 2015 Jan 26; published online first.

# Measure Alignment Efforts

- CMS Draft Quality Measure Development Plan
  - Highlight known measurement gaps and develop strategy to address these
  - Promote harmonization and alignment across programs, care settings, and payers
  - Assist in prioritizing development and refinement of measures
  - Public Comment period closed March 1<sup>st</sup>, final report to be published in May
- Core Measures Sets released February 16<sup>th</sup>
  - ACOs, Patient Centered Medical Homes (PCMH), and Primary Care
  - Cardiology
  - Gastroenterology
  - HIV and Hepatitis C
  - Medical Oncology
  - Obstetrics and Gynecology
  - Orthopedics

<u>https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-</u> Patient-Assessment-Instruments/QualityMeasures/Core-Measures.html

- CMS is already using measures from the each of the core sets
- Commercial health plans are rolling out the core measures as part of their contract cycle

### Key CMS Priorities in health system transformation

3 goals for our health care system:

### BETTER care SMARTER spending HEALTHIER people



Affordable Care Act ------ MACRA

What does it mean for you?

### THE MEDICARE ACCESS & CHIP REAUTHORIZATION ACT

**OF 2015** 

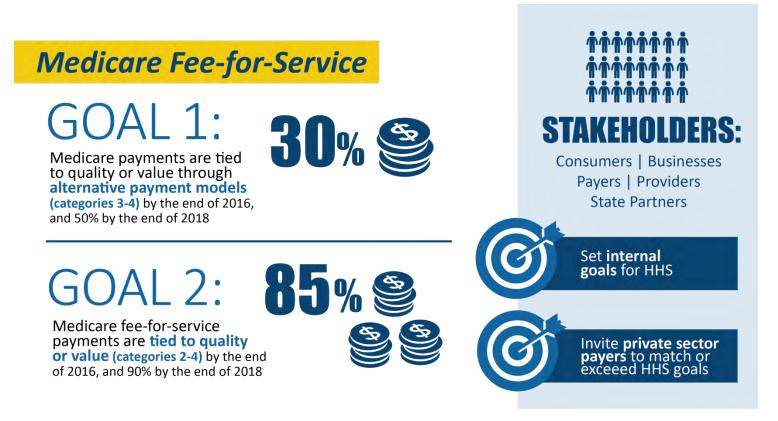


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# MACRA is part of a broader push towards value and quality.

In January 2015, the Department of Health and Human Services announced new goals for value-based payments and Alternative Payment Models in Medicare



### **GUIDING QUESTIONS:**

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1) What is MACRA?

2) What does it address?

3) How will clinicians be affected?

4) Next steps and resources

### What is "MACRA"?

### What is "MACRA"?

MACRA stands for the **Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015**, bipartisan legislation signed into law on April 16, 2015.

What does it do?

- **Repeals** the Sustainable Growth Rate (SGR) Formula
- Changes the way that Medicare pays clinicians and establishes a new framework to reward clinicians for value over volume
- **Streamlines** multiple quality reporting programs into 1 new system (MIPS)
- Provides bonus payments for participation in *advanced* alternative payment models (APMs)



### What does MACRA address?

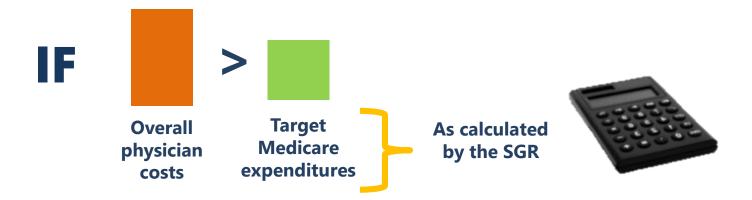


### **Medicare Payment Prior to MACRA**

**Fee-for-service** (FFS) payment system, where clinicians are paid based on **volume** of services, not **value.** 

The Sustainable Growth Rate (SGR)

• Established in 1997 to **control the cost of Medicare payments** to physicians

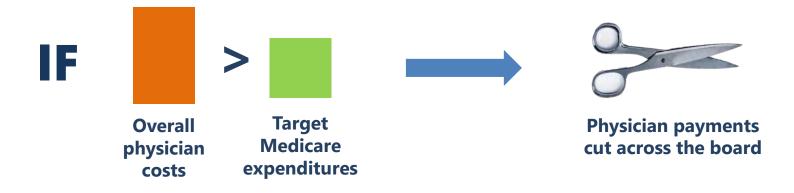


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Each year, Congress passed temporary **"doc fixes"** to avert cuts (no fix in 2015 would have meant a **21% cut** in Medicare payments to clinicians)

MACRA replaces the SGR with a more predictable payment method that incentivizes value.

### **Medicare Reporting Prior to MACRA**

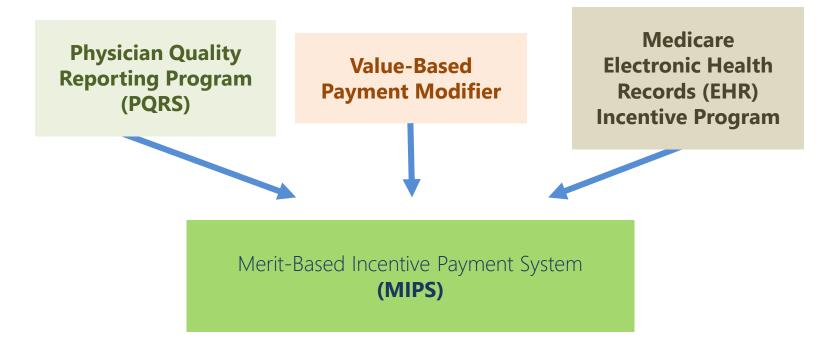
Currently there are **multiple quality and value reporting programs** for Medicare clinicians:

Physician Quality Reporting Program (PQRS)

Value-Based Payment Modifier Medicare Electronic Health Records (EHR) Incentive Program

### **Medicare Reporting Prior to MACRA**

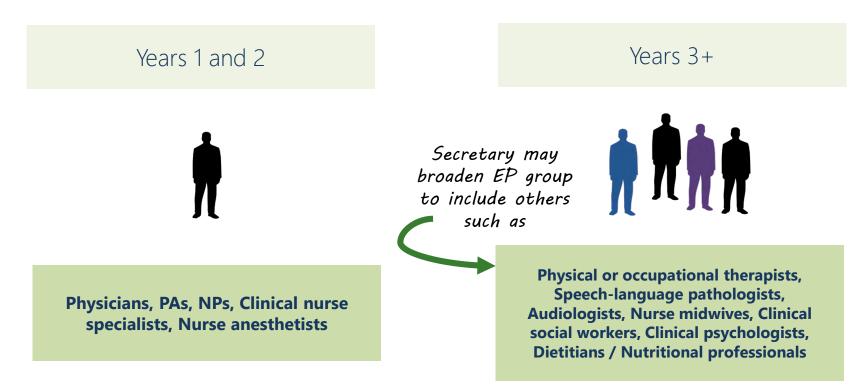
MACRA streamlines these programs into MIPS.



Which clinicians does MACRA affect? (Will it affect me?) Short answer: MACRA affects clinicians who participate in Medicare Part B.

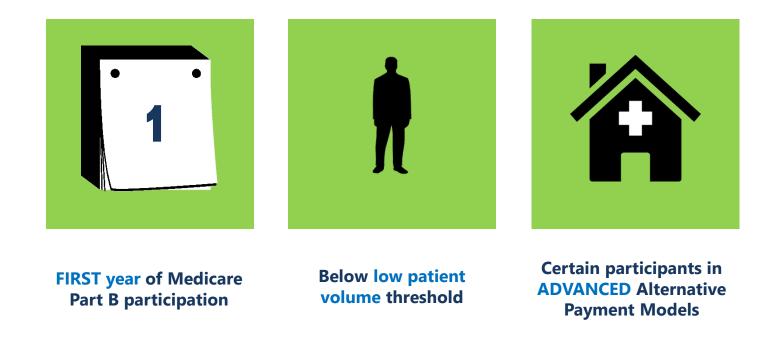
#### MACRA affects Medicare Part B clinicians.

Affected clinicians are called **"eligible clinicians"** and will participate in MIPS. The types of **Medicare Part B** health care clinicians affected by MIPS may expand in the first 3 years of implementation.



#### Are there any exceptions to participation in MIPS?

#### There are **3 groups** of clinicians who will NOT be subject to MIPS:

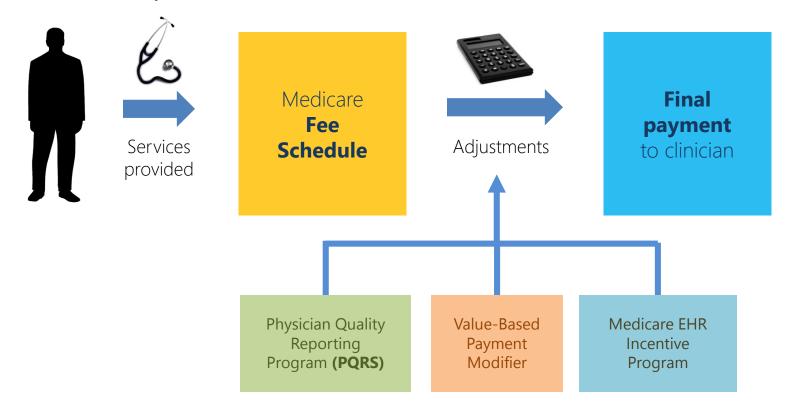


Note: MIPS **does not** apply to hospitals or facilities

### How will MACRA affect Medicare clinicians?

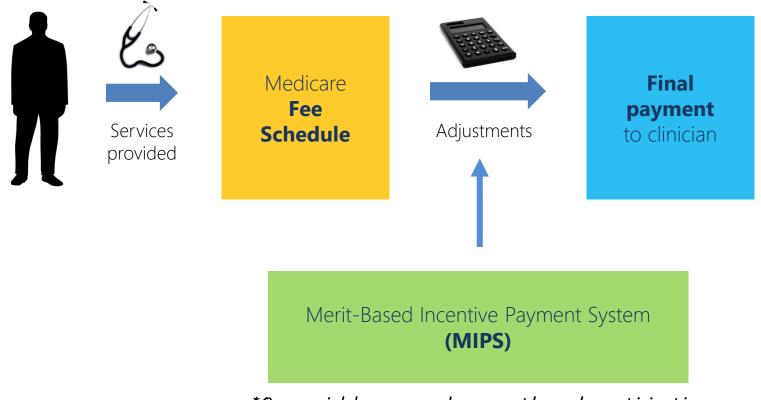
#### MACRA changes how Medicare pays clinicians.

#### The **current** system:



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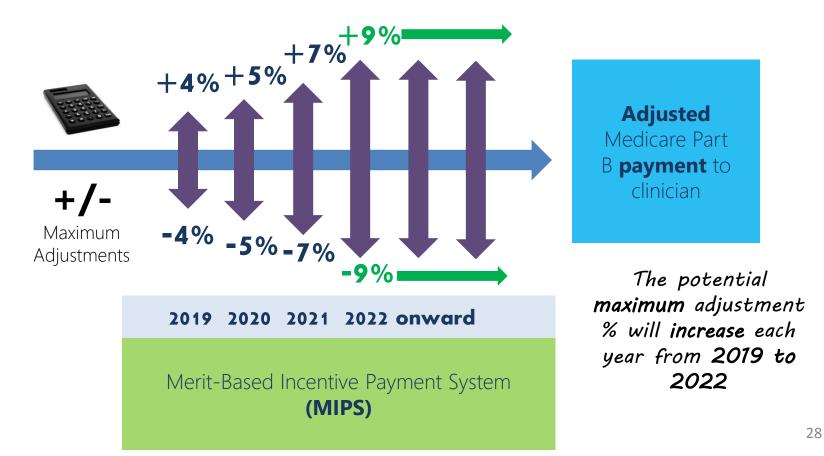
#### The system after **MACRA**:



\*Or special lump sum bonuses through participation in eligible Alternative Payment Models

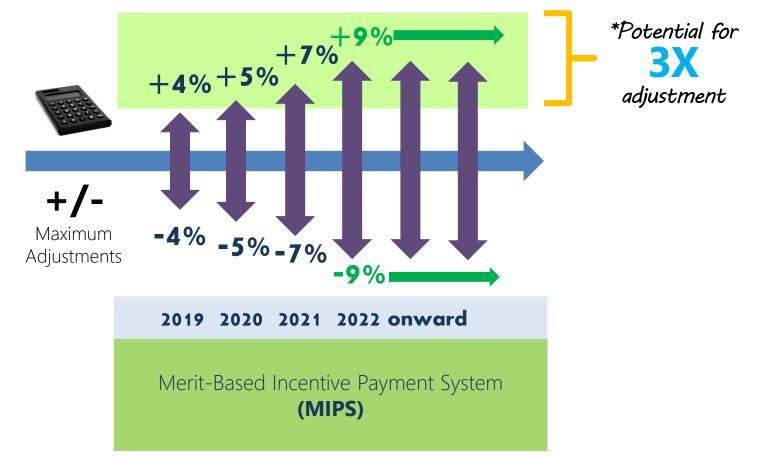
#### How much can MIPS adjust payments?

Based on a composite performance score, clinicians will receive +/- or **neutral** adjustments <u>up to</u> the percentages below.

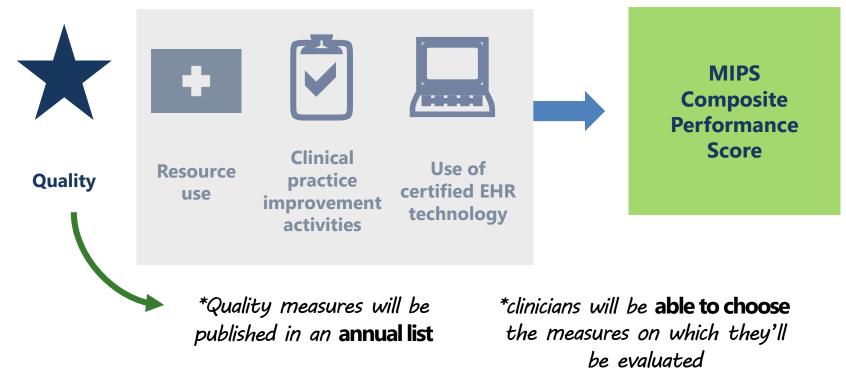


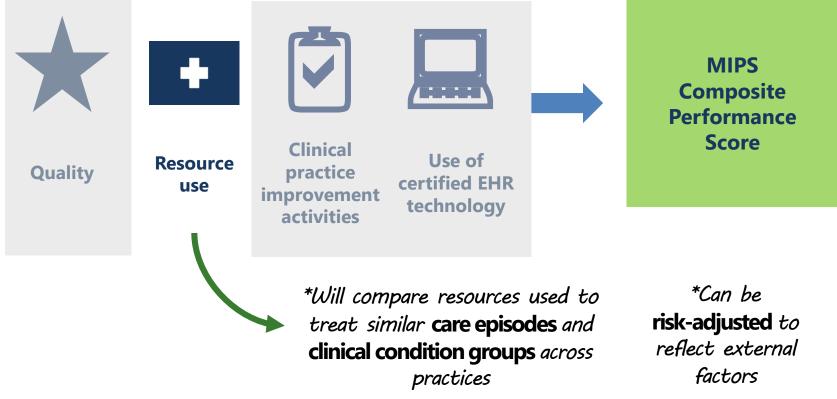
#### How much can MIPS adjust payments?

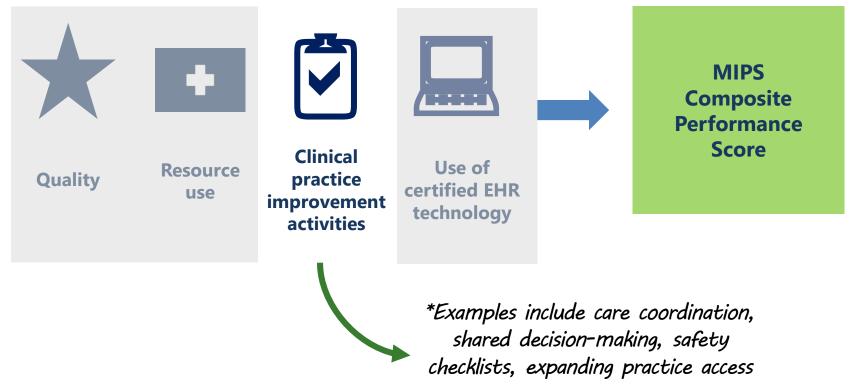
**Note:** MIPS will be a **budget-neutral** program. Total upward and downward adjustments will be balanced so that the average change is 0%.

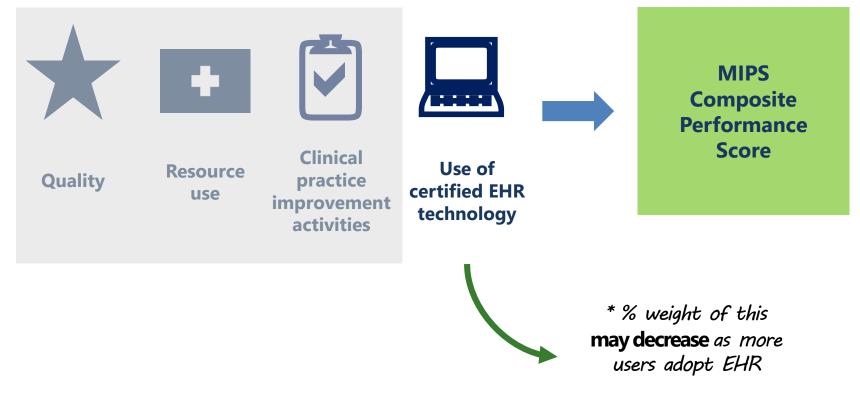


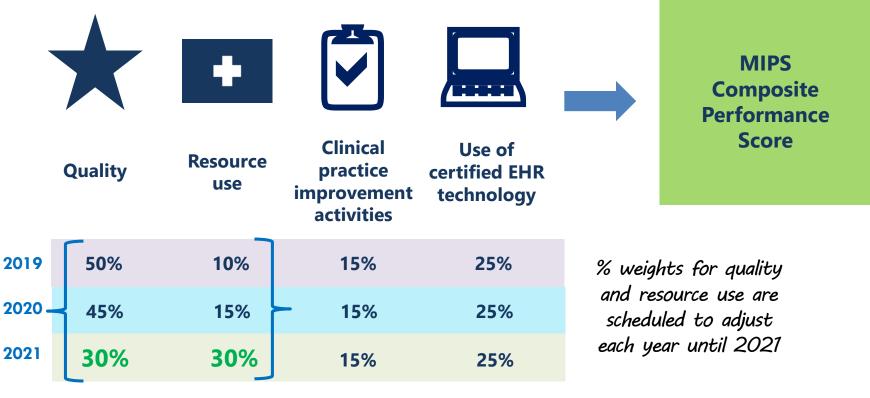












#### **RECALL: Exceptions to Participation in MIPS**

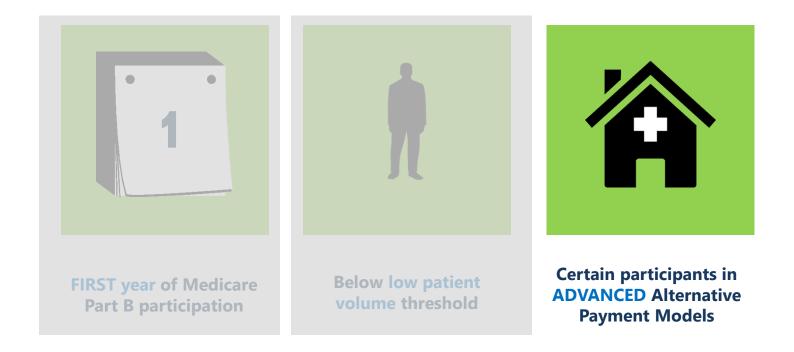
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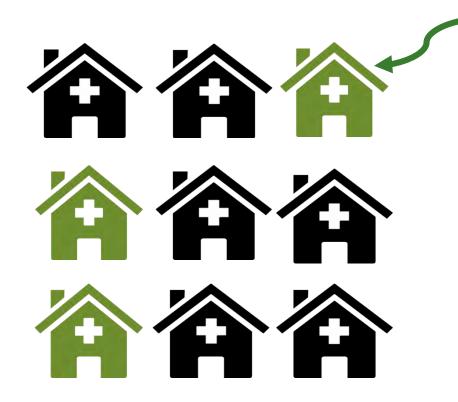
### What is a Medicare Alternative Payment Model (APM)?

APMs are **new approaches to paying** for medical care through Medicare that **incentivize quality and value.** 

As defined by MACRA, **APMs –** include:

- CMS Innovation Center model (under section 1115A, other than a Health Care Innovation Award)
- ✓ MSSP (Medicare Shared Savings Program)
- Demonstration under the Health Care Quality Demonstration Program
- ✓ **Demonstration** required by federal law

#### "Advanced" APMs are the most advanced APMs.

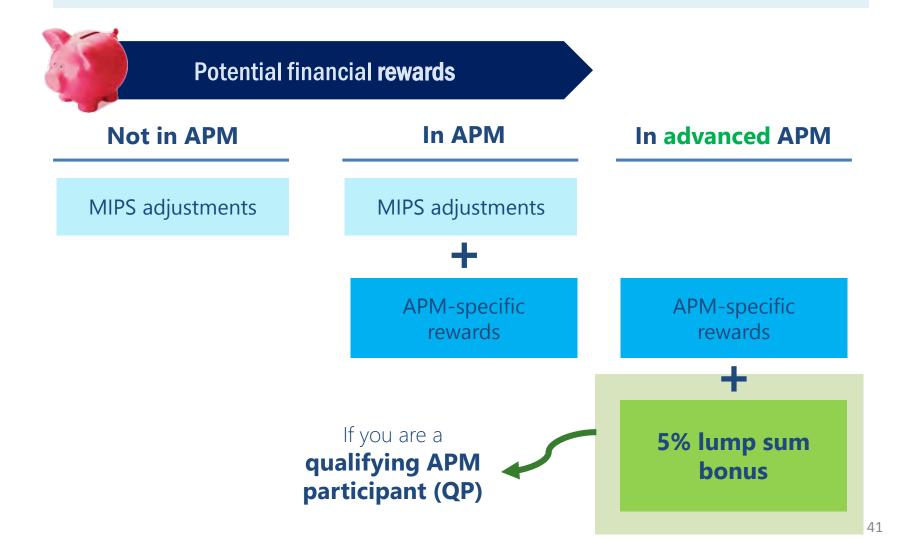


#### As defined by MACRA, eligible APMs **must meet the following criteria**:

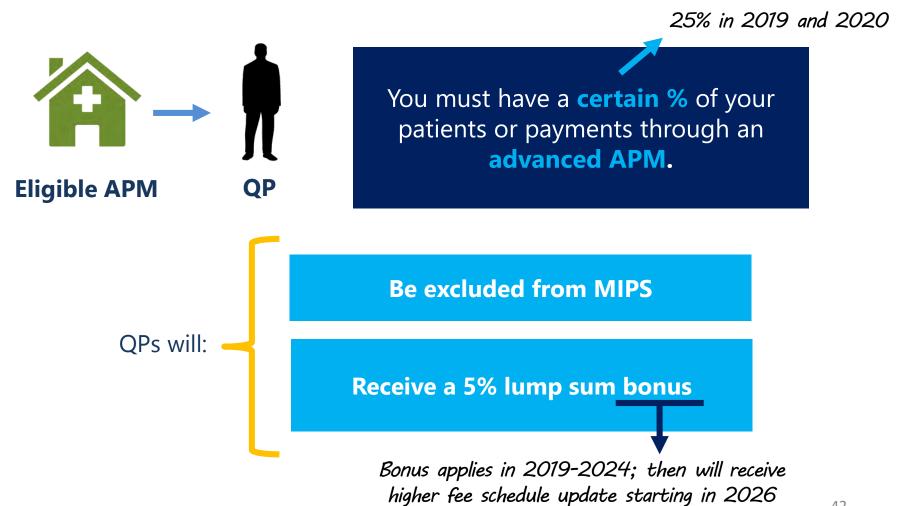
- Base payment on quality measures comparable to those in MIPS
- ✓ Require use of certified EHR technology
- Either (1) bear more than nominal financial risk for monetary losses OR (2)be a medical home model expanded under CMMI authority

Note: MACRA does NOT change how any particular APM rewards value. Instead, it creates extra incentives for APM participation.

# MACRA provides additional rewards for participating in APMs.



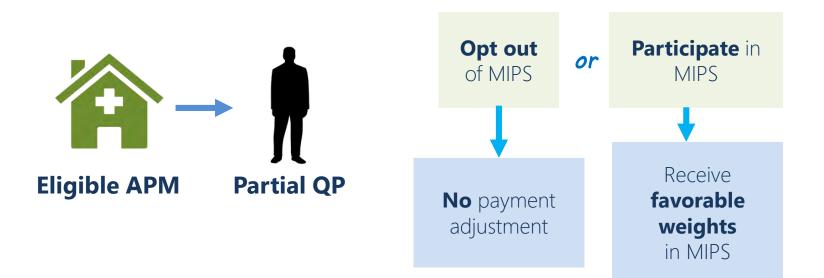
### How do I become a qualifying APM participant (**QP**)?



# What if I'm in an advanced APM but don't quite meet the threshold to be a QP?

If you meet a **slightly reduced threshold** (% of patients or payments in an eligible APM), you are considered a **"partially qualified professional" (partial QP)** and can:

Ex: 20% in 2019 (Criteria defined in law)



## What about private payer or Medicaid APMs? Can they help me qualify to be a QP?

Yes, starting in **2021**, participation in **some** of these APMs with other non-Medicare payers can **count toward** criteria to be a QP.

"Combination all-payer & Medicare threshold option"

IF the APMs meet criteria similar to those for eligible APMs run by CMS:



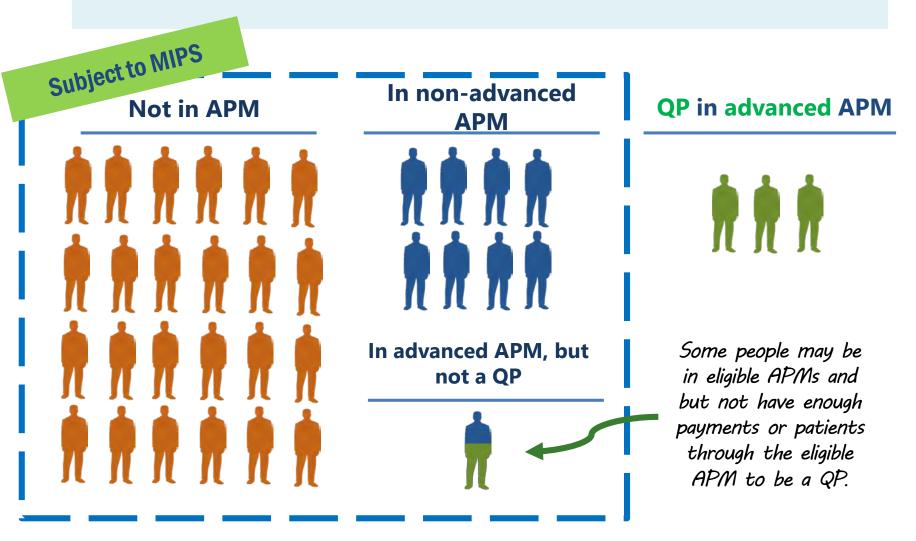


**EHR use** 

Quality **Measures** 



### Note: Most practitioners will be subject to MIPS.

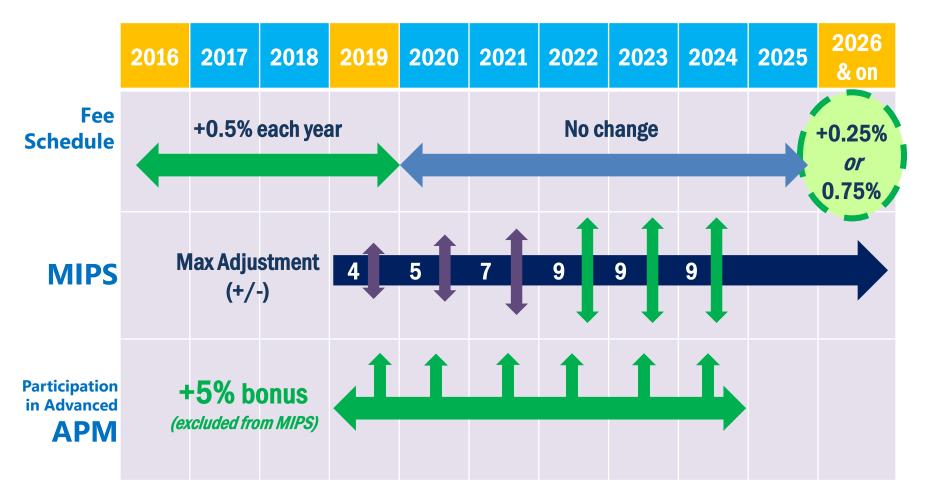




# When will these MACRA provisions take effect?

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## Putting it all together:



## **TAKE-AWAY POINTS**

**1)** MACRA changes the way Medicare pays clinicians and offers financial incentives for providing high value care.

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2) Medicare Part B clinicians will participate in the MIPS program, unless they are in their 1<sup>st</sup> year of Part B participation, meet criteria for participation in certain APMs, or have a low volume of patients.

3) Payment adjustments and bonuses will begin in **2019, with the performance year proposed to start in 2017**.

4) A proposed rule has been released on April 27, with the final rule targeted for fall 2016.

## What should I do to prepare for MACRA?

- Look for future educational activities
- Review fact sheets and the proposed rule on these changes released April 27th and provide comments on the proposal (until June 26) <u>http://go.cms.gov/QualityPaymentProgram</u>
- Final rule targeted for early fall 2016
- Consider collaborating with one of the TCPI Practice Transformation Networks or Support and Alignment Networks.

# **Transforming Clinical Practice Initiative**

Support more than 140,000 clinicians in their practice transformation work

Improve health outcomes for millions of Medicare, Medicaid and CHIP beneficiaries and other patients

**Reduce unnecessary hospitalizations for 5 million patients** 

Generate \$1 to \$4 billion in savings to the federal government and commercial payers

Sustain efficient care delivery by reducing unnecessary testing and procedures

Build the evidence base on practice transformation so that effective solutions can be scaled

## Practice Transformation Networks (PTNs) In Region 9

- Arizona Health-e Connection
- Children's Hospital of Orange County
- Local Initiative Health Authority of Los Angeles County
- Community Health Center Association of Connecticut, Inc.
- National Rural Accountable Care Consortium
- Pacific Business Group on Health
- VHA/UHC Alliance Newco, Inc.

## Support and Alignment Networks (SANs)

 American College of Emergency Physicians

- Network for Regional Healthcare Improvement
- American College of Physicians American College of Radiology
- HCD International, Inc.

- American Psychiatric Association
- Patient Centered Primary Care Foundation
- American Medical Association
- The American Board of Family
  Medicine, Inc.
  - National Nursing Centers Consortium

## 6 Key Benefits to Participating Clinicians

- 1. Optimize health outcomes for your patients
- 2. Promote connectedness of care for your patients
- 3. Learn from high performers how to effectively engage patients and families in care planning
- 4. More time spent caring for your patients
- 5. Stronger alignment with new and emerging federal policies
- 6. Opportunity to be a part of the national leadership in practice transformation efforts

http://www.healthcarecommunities.org/CommunityNews/TCPI.aspx

# **References & Further Reading**

Health Care Payment Learning and Action Network <a href="http://innovationgov.force.com/hcplan">http://innovationgov.force.com/hcplan</a>

CMS Innovation Center https://innovation.cms.gov/

CMS Draft Quality Measures Development Plan

https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-Instruments/Value-Based-Programs/MACRA-MIPS-and-APMs/Draft-CMS-Quality-Measure-Development-Plan-MDP.pdf

MACRA: Medicare Access and CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015 <u>https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-</u> <u>Instruments/Value-Based-Programs/MACRA-MIPS-and-APMs/MACRA-MIPS-and-APMs.html</u>

CMS Health Equity Plan https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/OMH/OMH Dwnld-CMS EquityPlanforMedicare 090615.pdf

Contact information for the Transforming Clinical Practice Initiative <a href="http://www.healthcarecommunities.org/CommunityNews/TCPI.aspx">http://www.healthcarecommunities.org/CommunityNews/TCPI.aspx</a>

# Questions?

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